

TriMetrix® HD Gap Report

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ABC Management
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Introduction



Long-term superior performance is directly related to job fit. Job fit, in simple terms, is having the talent that the job requires.

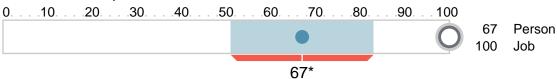
Most people match some, but not necessarily all, job requirements. When this happens, we have a gap. The gap is nothing more than an area for development.

This report makes it easy for both manager and subordinate to discuss and develop a plan for personalized development.

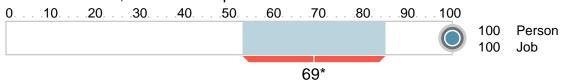


All jobs require certain competencies. This section of the report identifies those competencies that lead to superior performance in most jobs. The graphs below are in descending order from the highest rated competency required by the job to the

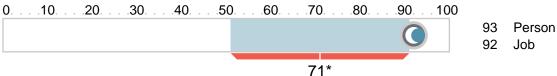
1. Personal Accountability - A measure of the capacity to be answerable for personal actions.



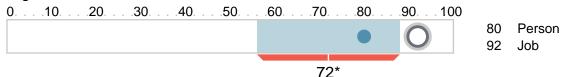
2. Customer Focus - Anticipating, meeting and/or exceeding customer needs, wants and expectations.



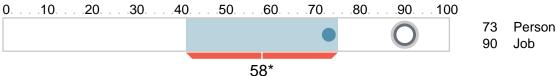
3. Interpersonal Skills - Effectively communicating, building rapport and relating well to all kinds of people.



4. Goal Orientation - Setting, pursuing and attaining goals, regardless of obstacles or circumstances.



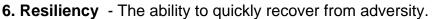
5. Influencing Others - Personally affecting others actions, decisions, opinions or thinking.

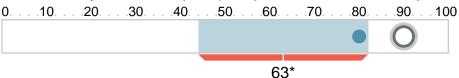




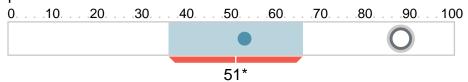
^{68%} of the population falls within the shaded area.



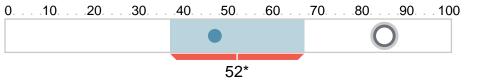




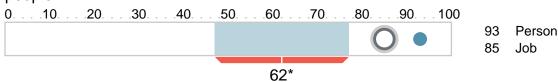
7. Negotiation - Facilitating agreements between two or more parties.



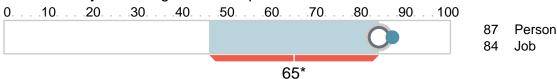
8. Planning and Organizing - Utilizing logical, systematic and orderly procedures to meet objectives.



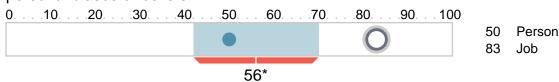
9. Leadership - Achieving extraordinary business results through people.



10. Time and Priority Management - Demonstrating self control and an ability to manage time and priorities.



11. Diplomacy - The ability to treat others fairly, regardless of personal biases or beliefs.



⁻ Job Person

Person

Person

Person Job

Job

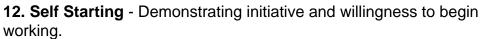
Job

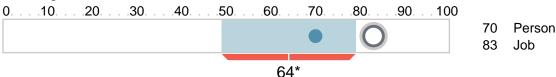
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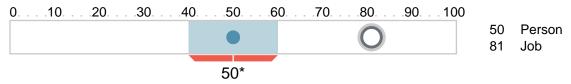
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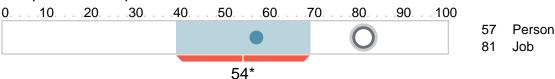




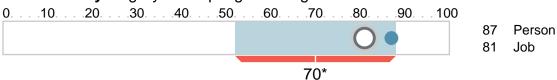
13. Decision Making - Utilizing effective processes to make decisions.



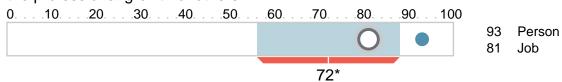
14. Problem Solving - Defining, analyzing and diagnosing key components of a problem to formulate a solution.



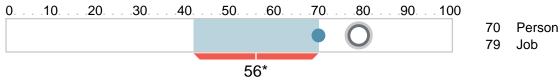
15. Flexibility - Agility in adapting to change.



16. Employee Development/Coaching - Facilitating and supporting the professional growth of others.



17. Project Management - Identifying and overseeing all resources, tasks, systems and people to obtain results.

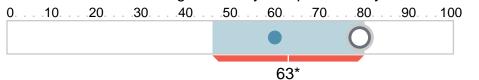


⁻ Job Person

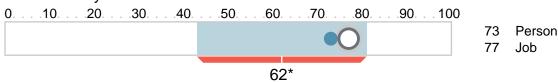
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18. Teamwork - Working effectively and productively with others.



19. Conflict Management - Addressing and resolving conflict constructively.



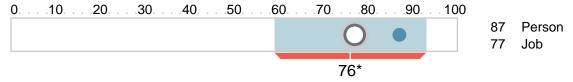
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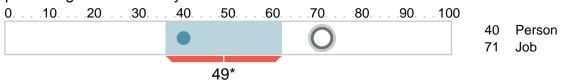
Person

Job

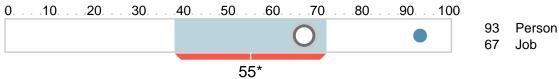
20. Understanding Others - Understanding the uniqueness and contributions of others.



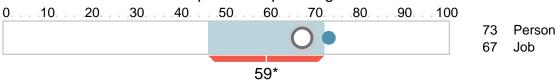
21. Futuristic Thinking - Imagining, envisioning, projecting and/or predicting what has not yet been realized.



22. Appreciating Others - Identifying with and caring about others.



23. Conceptual Thinking - The ability to analyze hypothetical situations or abstract concepts to compile insight.

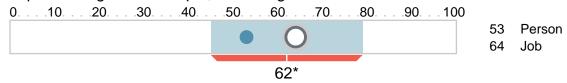


⁻ Job Person

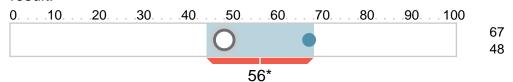
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24. Continuous Learning - Taking initiative in learning and implementing new concepts, technologies and/or methods.



25. Creativity and Innovation - Creating new approaches, designs, processes, technologies and/or systems to achieve the desired result.





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Person

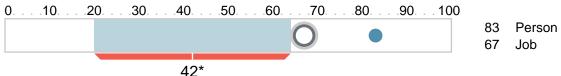
Job



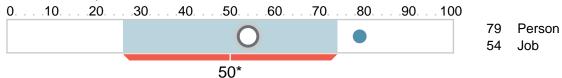
Primary Driving Forces Cluster

These graphs are based on the hierarchy of the job benchmark's driving forces in descending order from highest provided by the job to the lowest. Gaps may point to areas in the job that do not align with the persons driving forces.

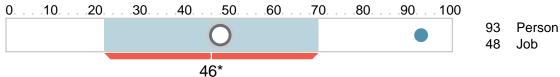
1. Resourceful - People who are driven by practical results, maximizing both efficiency and returns for their investments of time, talent, energy and resources.



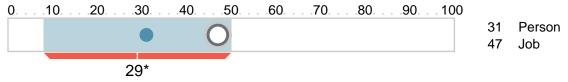
2. Commanding - People who are driven by status, recognition and control over personal freedom.



3. Receptive - People who are driven by new ideas, methods and opportunities that fall outside a defined system for living.



4. Instinctive - People who are driven by utilizing past experiences, intuition and seeking specific knowledge when necessary.

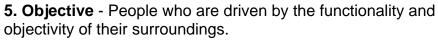


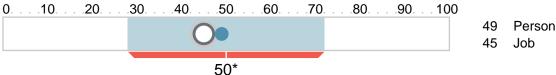
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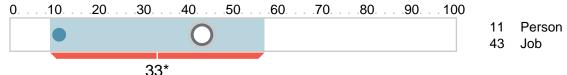
Situational Driving Forces Cluster

These graphs are based on the hierarchy of the job benchmark's driving forces in descending order from highest provided by the job to the lowest. Gaps may point to areas in the job that do not align with the persons driving forces.

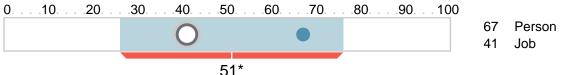




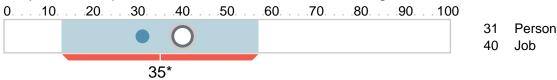
6. Altruistic - People who are driven to assist others for the satisfaction of being helpful or supportive.



7. Intentional - People who are driven to assist others for a specific purpose, not just for the sake of being helpful or supportive.



8. Harmonious - People who are driven by the experience, subjective viewpoints and balance in their surroundings.

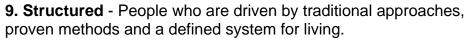


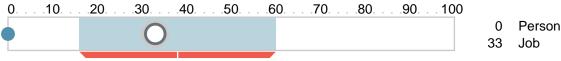
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Indifferent Driving Forces Cluster

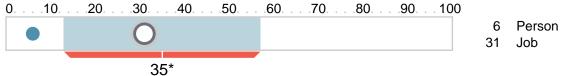
These graphs are based on the hierarchy of the job benchmark's driving forces in descending order from highest provided by the job to the lowest. Gaps may point to areas in the job that do not align with the persons driving forces.



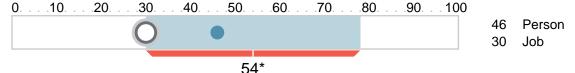


10. Collaborative - People who are driven by being in a supporting role and contributing with little need for individual recognition.

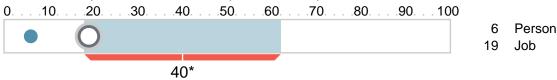
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11. Intellectual - People who are driven by opportunities to learn, acquire knowledge and the discovery of truth.



12. Selfless - People who are driven by completing tasks for the sake of completion, with little expectation of personal return.

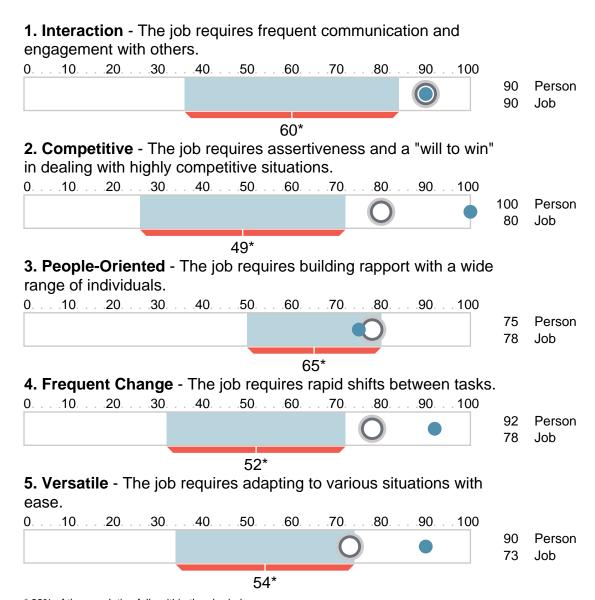


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Behavioral Hierarchy

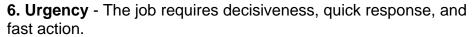
This section is designed to give a visual understanding of the behavioral traits demanded of the job and the natural behavioral style(s) of the individual(s). The graphs are in descending order from the highest rated behavioral traits required by the job to the lowest. In comparing the results in this section, it is important to note how gaps may indicate a level of stress that could be created when a person is forced to adapt behavior that is not his/her natural style.

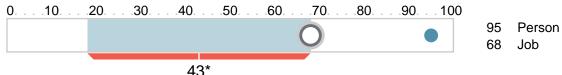


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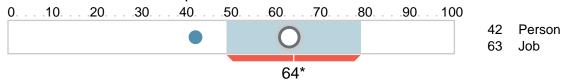


Behavioral Hierarchy

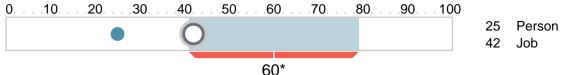




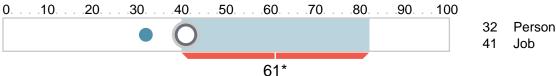
7. Customer-Oriented - The job requires identification and fulfillment of customer expectations.



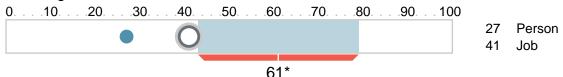
8. Following Policy - The job requires adhering to rules, regulations or existing methods.



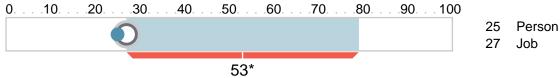
9. Consistent - The job requires predictable performance in repetitive situations.



10. Persistence - The job requires finishing tasks despite challenges or resistance.



11. Analysis - The job requires compiling, confirming, and organizing information.

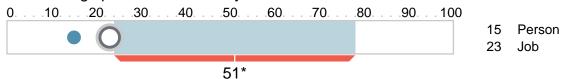


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Behavioral Hierarchy

12. Organized Workplace - The job requires establishing and maintaining specific order in daily activities.



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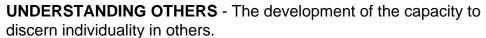
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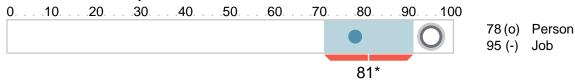
Job



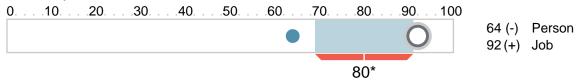
Acumen Indicators

This section identifies the acumen needed for superior performance in this position. These scores are calculated based on the world view (blue) and self view (red) required by the job. Each factor has a clarity score from one to ten and a bias indicator ranging from undervalued, neutral or overvalued for each dimension.

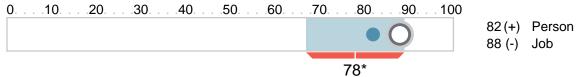




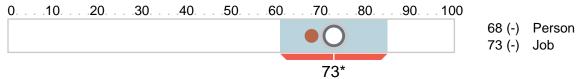
PRACTICAL THINKING - The development of the capacity to discern practical values in situations in the outside world.



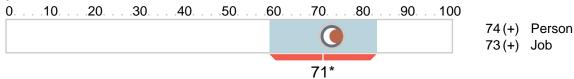
SYSTEMS JUDGMENT - The development of the capacity to discern systems and order in the world.



SENSE OF SELF - The development of the capacity to discern individuality in one's self.



ROLE AWARENESS - The development of the capacity to discern practical values in situations in one's own roles in the world.

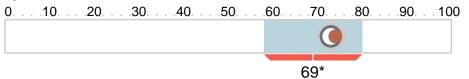


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Acumen Indicators

SELF DIRECTION - The development of the capacity to discern systems and order within oneself.



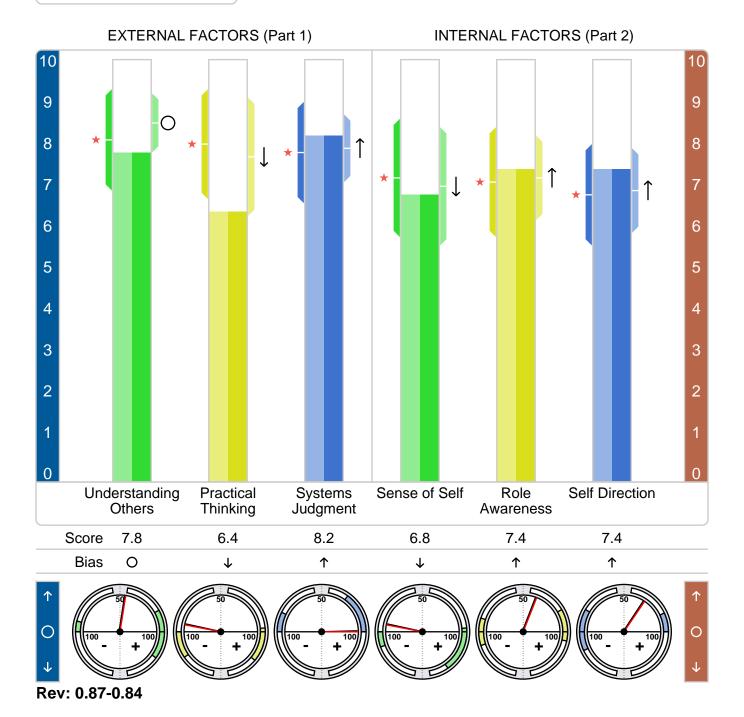
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74 (+) Person 73(+) Job



Dimensional Balance

- ★ Population mean↑ Overvaluation
- O Neutral valuation
- ↓ Undervaluation





Comparison Analysis For Consulting and Coaching

Job Competencies Hierarchy	Zone Range	Person
Personal Accountability	84 — 100	67
2. Customer Focus	86 — 100	100
3. Interpersonal Skills	92 — 100	93
4. Goal Orientation	89 — 100	80
5. Influencing Others	76 — 100	73
6. Resiliency	83 — 100	80
7. Negotiation	67 — 100	53

Primary Driving Forces Cluster	Zone Range	Person
1. Resourceful	65 — 100	83
2. Commanding	50 — 74	79
3. Receptive	46 — 70	93
4. Instinctive	29 — 50	31

Job Behavioral Hierarchy	Zone Range	Person
1. Interaction	85 — 100	90
2. Competitive	73 — 100	100
3. People-Oriented	65 — 80	75
4. Frequent Change	73 — 100	92

Exact match	Fair compatibility	
Good compatibility	Poor compatibility	Over-focused